NIXIE® NUMERICAL INDICATOR TUBE

5750

B-5750 B-5750S

The B-5750 NIXIE tube is an ultra-long life, high quality, cold-cathode indicator tube having a common anode. It can display the numerals 0-9 and has two decimal points inside the tube (right and left of the numerals) which are independently operable. The numeral aspect ratio (height to width) has been designed to provide the optimum in readability and viewing distance. The small diameter of the tube (0.530" max) permits 0.540" center-to-center mounting and its short seated height (1.500" max including standoff) allows for minimal instrument panel dimensions.

A moveable pin-straightener-standoff, which is used to align the tube pins for ease of PC layout and insertion, is part of the tube assembly. The standoff also allows solder gas to escape during soldering. These tubes have been specifically designed to operate both in normal DC applications and strobed/time sharing applications (See Note 8).

The B-5750S is identical to the B-5750 except its leads are cut to $0.175'' \pm .015$ for use with the SK-207 socket, Bulletin 1138.



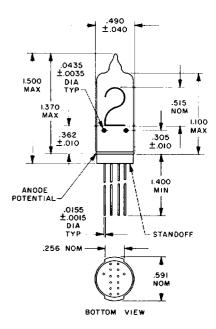


Figure 1. OUTLINE DRAWING (NOTE 11)

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Ratings	
Ionization Voltage (Note 1, Fig. 5)	
Supply Voltage	+170 Vdc min
Numeral Cathode Current (Note 5)	3.8 ma max
Peak Anode Current	
(Notes 8 & 9)	15 ma max
Decimal Point Cathode Current	
(Note 6)	
Cathode Pre-bias	+60 Vdc to +120 Vdc

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



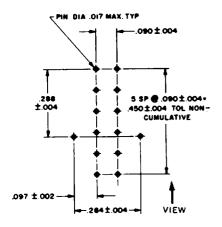


Figure 2. PIN LAYOUT (TOP VIEW)

	VIEW	
	1	PIN 7
	•	
2004	_ooA	مه مر
	000	(000)
11800411	10001	122991
W6311	(C)	We sill
MXXX	IXXXXI	INXXII
//XXX-XV	XXX/XI	
HEAMMAII.		
	211112/	
	Z 1111241	
الكاالة		
		3999
2	2 0	20
2/101	271CI	2)(I)
TILE	TIISH	
3000000	2 2 2 2 2 3 2 5	3990

Figure 3a. P.C. LAYOUT WITH FAIRCHILD 9960 (TOP VIEW) (9960 notch away from viewer)

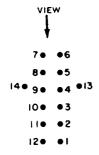


Figure 4. BASING DIAGRAM (BOTTOM VIEW)

PIN	CONNECTIONS
-	NUMERAL I
2	NUMERAL 2
3	NUMERAL 3
4	NUMERAL 4
5	NUMERAL 5
6	NUMERAL 6
7	ANODE #
8	NUMERAL 7
9	NUMERAL 8
10	ANODE #
11	NUMERAL 9
12	NUMERAL O
13	RT DEC PT
14	LFT DEC PT

^{*}Anode pins are connected internally

Table 1. PIN CONNECTIONS

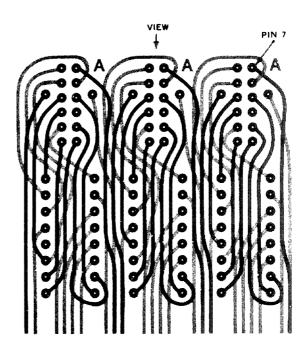
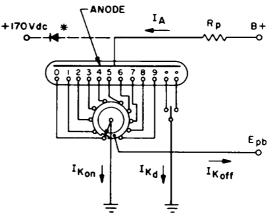


Figure 3b. P.C. LAYOUT WITH TEXAS INSTRUMENTS SN-7441N (TOP VIEW)



* To test for Ionization at +170 Vdc

Figure 5. TEST CIRCUIT

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Shock	Ambient temperature -20 to +55°C
X1, X2, Y1 and Y2 planes	-40 to 70°C (reduced life)
Thermal Shock15 sec., 90°C water - immediate trans-	Altitude70,000 ft.
fer to 30°C water, 15 seconds	Vibration 10-50-10 cps., 08" total excursion
Life Expectancy	50-2000 cps 10 g's 15 minutes
(dynamic) (200,000 hours) (Note 10)	X1, X2, Y1 planes

NOTES

- 1. The minimum supply voltage should be +170 Vdc, however, the use of the highest voltage available with an appropriate series resistor is recommended to provide: 1) greater tolerance of B+ & Rp; 2) more uniform brightness; 3) more constant current operation; 4) improved operation with temperature and 5) improved life. (See Table 2 and Note 7)
- 2. This NIXIE tube can be used in 4 modes of operation (Figure 5)

 - a) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point will never be "on."
 b) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point may or may not be "on."
 c) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point is always "on."
 d) When a numeral or a decimal point will be "on" but not at the same time (numeral or decimal point are lighted alone) - use the anode resistor plus a decimal point resistor.
 - In cases a, b and c, only the limiting anode resistor is necessary. (See Table 2)

NOTE: In cases a, b and c, a numeral must be "on" when the decimal point is "on" to prevent the decimal point from receiving excessive current.

Supply Voltage (Vdc)	170	200	250	300
Anode Resistor (Rp) (kΩ)	9.1	20	43	62
Decimal point resistor (Rkd) (kΩ)	120	270	560	750

Table 2

- 3. For proper viewing the tube should be oriented so that pins 7 and 6 are closest to the viewer (Figure 4.)
- 4. As noted on the tube outline drawing (Figure 1) an external portion of the tube is at the anode potential. CAUTION should be exercised.
- 5. Value when decimal point is "off."
- 6. Value when only the decimal point is "on."
- 7. For proper NIXIE tube operation, a load line must pass through the operating region (shaded area) above point "A" and below point "B" in Figure 6. Operation at an anode current below point "A" can result in partial or incomplete numeral glow. Operation at an anode current above point "B" can result in not only spurious numeral glow but also shorter life. Typical load lines for 170 Vdc-10 k Ω , 200 Vdc-22 k Ω , 250 Vdc-43 k Ω , and 300 Vdc-62 k Ω are shown. The limits of the operating region were determined at the 330 V-100 k Ω , 330 V-51.4 k Ω . At these limits the tubes will exhibit an anode current within the limits of 1.8 ma min. and 3.5 ma max. These limits can be used to determine if a tube meets the specification.
- 8. In a typical strobed/time sharing application, (Figure 7) "same-numeral" cathodes (i.e., all 1's, all 2's, etc.) of all tubes are connected in parallel and the anodes are strobed sequentially. The rapid strobing is above the flicker rate and visual indication is normal. However, since the "on" duty cycle is not 100%, a higher than normal current is used to compensate for loss of brightness. The B-5750 NIXIE tubes are constructed and specified for these peak current conditions and no extraneous glow is exhibited during this operation.
- 9. The maximum pulse duration is 5.0 milliseconds with a 10% max duty cycle.
- 10. Under normal DC operating conditions.
- 11. Lead length on B-5750S is $0.175'' \pm .015$ (for use with SK-207 socket).

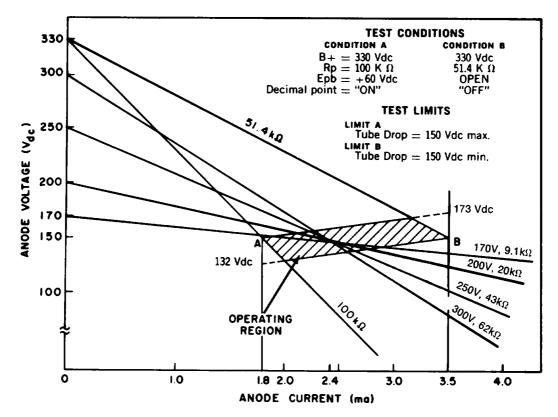


Figure 6. TUBE CHARACTERISTICS (NOTE 7)

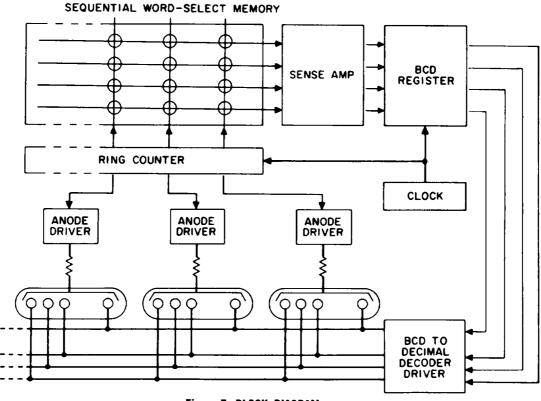


Figure 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM
TYPICAL TIME SHARING APPLICATION (NOTE 8)

Printed in U.S.A.



B-5855S

The B-5855 NIXIE tube is an ultra-long life, high quality, cold cathode, numeric indicator tube. The tube can display the numerals 0-9 and has two independently operable decimal points inside the tube (right and left of the numerals). Substantial driver-circuity cost savings can be obtained because the tube has been designed for high peak current-low duty cycle pulsed operation with time shared driver circuity. Bright clear characters together with an optimum aspect ratio (height to width) provides excellent readability and viewing distance. The small diameter of the tube (0.510" max.) permits 0.520" center-tocenter mounting and its short seated height (1.350" max. including standoff) allows for minimal instrument panel dimensions.

A moveable pin straightener-standoff*, which is used to align the tube pins for ease of PC layout and insertion, is part of the tube assembly. Also, the standoff is provided with "bumps" to give clearance so flux gas can escape during soldering.

The B-5855S is identical to the B-5855 except the B-5855S leads are cut to $0.175'' \pm .015$ for use with the SK207 socket, Bulletin 1138.

*Standoff will not be supplied with the tube until after October 1, 1968.

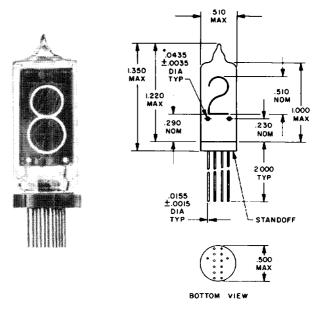


Figure 1. OUTLINE DRAWING SEE NOTE 4

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Ratings

+170 Vdc max Ionization Voltage +180 Vdc min. Supply Voltage Peak Anode Current (Note 3) 17 ma max **Decimal Point Cathode Current** Note 6 Average Total Power Dissipation(Note 5) 0.25 watts

Typical Operating Conditions (Note 1, Figures 2 & 6)

+200 Vdc nom. Supply Voltage 14 ma typ Peak Anode Current (Figure 2) **Pulse Durations** 100 **μ** sec **Duty Cycle** 2 msec

Test Conditions (Figures 2 & 6)

Peak Anode Current 11 ma peak **Pulse Duration** 100 µ sec Repetition Rate 500 cps

Test Circuit Figure 6 (Note 7)

Test Limits

180 V peak Tube Voltage Drop (Note 8)

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Outline Drawing Figure 1 Table 1 Pin Connection Figure 4 Pin Layout Basing Diagram Figure 5 0.4 oz. max Weight Lead Finish- B-5855 24 feet Max. Viewing Distance

Hot tin dip from 1.000 in. from tube base

Note 2 Mounting Color Neon red

3650, 4358, 5654, & 5852 Angstroms

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Shock 250 g's, 1.0 msec., 20 total shocks

XI, X2, Y1 and Y2 planes

Thermal Shock 15 sec., 90°C water – immediate transfer

to 30°C water, 15 seconds

Ambient temperature -20 to +55°C

-40 to 70°C (reduced life)

Altitude 70,000 ft.

Vibration 10-50-10 cps., 08" total excursion

50-2000 cps 10 g's 15 minutes

XI, X2, Y1 planes

NOTES

- The tube is normally operated from a constant current source. If a constant voltage source is used, the appropriate current limiting resistor should be used to maintain anode current within specified limits.
- For proper viewing the tube should be oriented so that pins 7 and 6 are closest to the viewer.
- 3. In a typical strobed/time sharing application, (Figure 6), "same-numeral" cathodes (i.e., all 1's, all 2's, etc.) of all tubes are connected in parallel and the anodes are strobed sequentially. The rapid strobing is above the flicker rate and visual indication is normal. However, since the "on" duty cycle is not 100%, a higher than normal current is used to compensate for loss of brightness. The (B-5855) NIXIE tubes are constructed and specified for these peak current conditions and no extraneous glow is exhibited during this operation.
- 4. Lead length on B-5855S is 0.175"± .015 (for use with SK-207 Socket).
- 5. Maximum on time for calculating average power dissipation is 20 msec.
- The decimal point must never be operated at a potential more negative than the on numeric cathode.
- 7. Decimal points are disconnected for this test.
- This measurement is made after the tube has ionized and near the termination of the 100 µsec anode pulse.

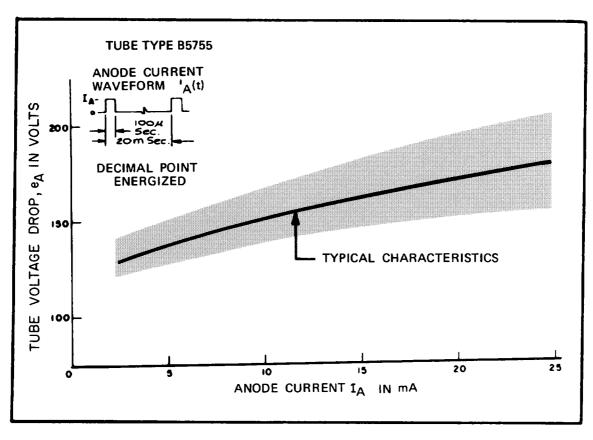


Figure 2 NIXIE TUBE, V-I CHARACTERISTICS

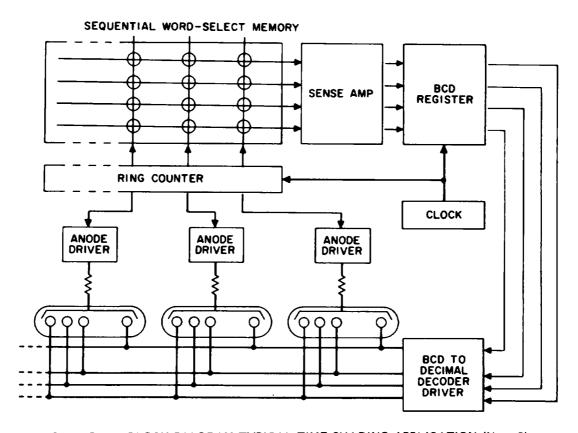


Figure 3 BLOCK DIAGRAM TYPICAL TIME SHARING APPLICATION (Note 3)

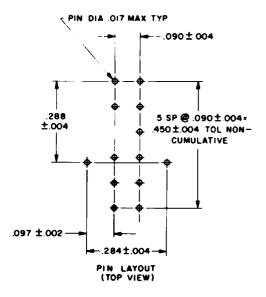


Figure 4. PIN LAYOUT (Top View)

Table 1. PIN CONNECTIONS

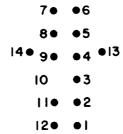


Figure 5. BASING DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

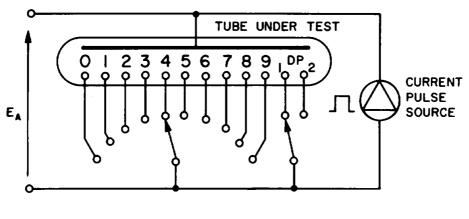


Figure 6. TEST CIRCUIT



The information contained in this brochure does not necessarily imply a license under patents or pending applications of Burroughs Corp. or assure a freedom from patent rights of others. No warranties of any kind are either expressed or implied by reason of this publication.

Printed in U.S.A.



NIXIE® PLUS-MINUS INDICATOR TUBE

(FOR DC APPLICATIONS)

TYPES

B-5856 B-5856S

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

The B-5856 NIXIE tube is an ultra-long life, high quality, cold-cathode indicator tube having a common anode with +, — display. The numeral aspect ratio (height to width) has been designed to provide the optimum in readability and viewing distance. The small diameter of the tube (0.510" max) permits 0.520" center-to-center mounting and its short seated height (1.350" max including standoff) allows for minimal instrument panel dimensions.

A moveable pin-straightener-standoff, which is used to align the tube pins for ease of PC layout and insertion, is part of the tube assembly: The standoff also allows solder gas to escape during soldering.

These tubes have been specifically designed to operate only in DC applications.

The B-5856S is identical to the B-5856 except its leads are cut to $0.175'' \pm .015$ for use with the SK-207 socket, Bulletin 1138.



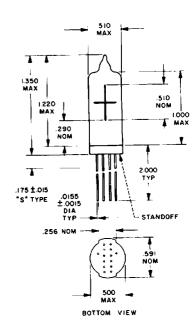


Figure 1. OUTLINE DRAWING

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Ratings Ionization Voltage (Note 1, Fig. 4) Supply Voltage Anode Current Cothodo Probias	+170 Vdc min 2.8 ma max	Typical Operating Conditions (Note 1, Figure 4) Supply Voltage +170 Vdc Series Resistor (Table 2) 15 kΩ Anode Current (Figure 4) 2.0 ma typ Cathode Pre-bias Voltage +60 Vdc
Cathode Pre-bias	+60 Vdc to +110 Vdc	Cathode Pre-bias Voltage+60 Vdc

Test Conditions (Figure 4)
Test Limits (Figure 4)

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Outline Drawing Figure 1	
Pin Connection Table 1	Mounting Note 2
Pin Layout Figure 2	Color Neon red
Basing Diagram Figure 3	3650, 4358, 5654 & 5852 angstroms
Weight 0.4 oz. max	Brightness 200 ft. lamberts
Lead Finish B-5856 Hot tin dip from 0.600 in. from tube base	Soldering Heat B-5856 \pm 260 \pm 5°C for 10 \pm 1 sec.
Max. Viewing Distance 24 feet	0.250" from tube base

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

Shock	Ambient temperature -20 to +55°C -40 to 70°C (reduced life)
Thermal Shock15 sec., 90°C water - immediate transfer to 30°C water, 15 seconds	Altitude70,000 ft. Vibration10-50-10 cps., 08" total excursion
Life Expectancy (dynamic) (200,000 hours) (Note 10)	50-2000 cps 10 g's 15 minutes X1, X2, Y1 planes

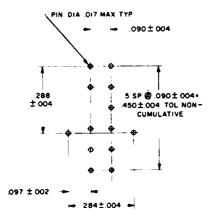
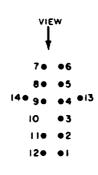


Figure 2. PIN LAYOUT (TOP VIEW)



(BOTTOM VIEW)

Figure 3. BASING DIAGRAM

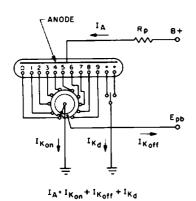
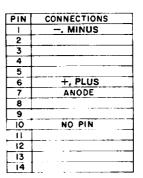


Figure 4. TEST CIRCUIT



BLANK SPACES REPRESENT INTERNAL CONNECTIONS

Table 1. PIN CONNECTIONS

NOTES

The minimum supply voltage should be +170 Vdc, however, the use of the highest voltage available with an appropriate series resistor is recommended to provide: 1) greater tolerance of B+ & Rp; 2) more uniform brightness; 3) more constant current operation; 4) improved operation with temperature and 5) improved life. (See Table 2)

Supply Voltage (Vdc)	170	200	250	300
Anode Resistor (Rp) (kΩ)	15	30	56	82

Table 2. Anode Resistor Values

- 2. For proper viewing the tube should be oriented so that pins 7 and 6 are closest to the viewer (Figure 3.)
- 3. Lead length on B-5856S is $0.175'' \pm .015$ (for use with SK-207 socket).
- 4. Under normal DC operating conditions.



The information contained in this brochure does not necessarily imply a license under patents or pending applications of Burroughs Corp. or assure a freedom from patent rights of others. No warranties of any kind are either expressed or implied by reason of this publication.



NIXIE® NUMERICAL INDICATOR TUBE

(FOR DC AND TIME SHARING APPLICATIONS)

TYPES B-5859 B-5859S

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

The B-5859 NIXIE tube is an ultra-long life, high quality, cold-cathode indicator tube having a common anode. It can display the numerals 0-9 and has two decimal points inside the tube (right and left of the numerals) which are independently operable. The numeral aspect ratio (height to width) has been designed to provide the optimum in readability and viewing distance. The small diameter of the tube (0.510" max) permits 0.520" center-to-center mounting and its short seated height (1.350" max including standoff) allows for minimal instrument panel dimensions.

A moveable pin-straightener-standoff, which is used to align the tube pins for ease of PC layout and insertion, is part of the tube assembly. The standoff also allows solder gas to escape during soldering. These tubes have been specifically designed to operate both in normal DC applications and strobed/time sharing applications (See Note 8).

The B.5859S is identical to the B.5859 except its leads are cut to $0.175'' \pm .015$ for use with the SK-207 socket, Bulletin 1138.

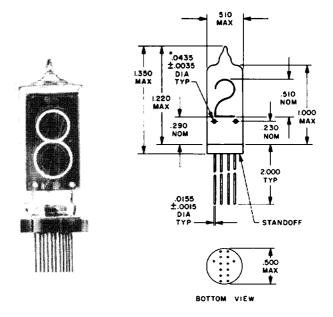


Figure 1. OUTLINE DRAWING

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

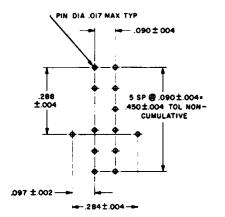
Absolute Ratings Ionization Voltage (Note 1, Fig. 4) +170 Vdc max Supply Voltage	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
--	---

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

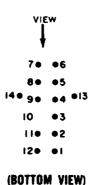
Outline Drawing Figure 1	
Pin Connection Table 1	Mounting Note 3
Pin Layout Figure 2	Color Neon red
Basing Diagram Figure 3	3650, 4358, 5654 & 5852 angstroms
Weight 0.4 oz. max	Brightness 200 ft. lamberts
Lead Finish B-5859 Hot tin dip from 0.600 in. from tube base	Soldering Heat B-5859 $260 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C for 10 ± 1 sec.
Max. Viewing Distance 24 feet	0.250" from tube base

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

Shock	Ambient temperature -20 to +55°C
X1, X2, Y1 and Y2 planes	-40 to 70°C (reduced life)
Thermal Shock 15 sec., 90°C water immediate trans-	Altitude
fer to 30°C water, 15 seconds	Vibration 10-50-10 cps., 08" total excursion 50-2000 cps 10 g's 15 minutes
Life Expectancy	X1, X2, Y1 planes
(dynamic) (200,000 hours) (Note 10)	A1, A2, 11 planes



PIN	CONNECTIONS
1	NUMERAL I
2	NUMERAL 2
3	NUMERAL 3
4	NUMERAL 4
5	NUMERAL 5
6	NUMERAL 6
7	ANODE
8	NUMERAL 7
9	NUMERAL 8
10	NO PIN
TI T	NUMERAL 9 .
12	NUMERAL O
13	RT DEC PT
14	LFT DEC PT



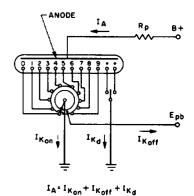
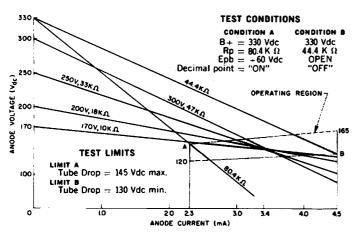


Figure 2. PIN LAYOUT (TOP VIEW)

Table 1. PIN CONNECTIONS

Figure 3. BASING DIAGRAM

Figure 4. TEST CIRCUIT



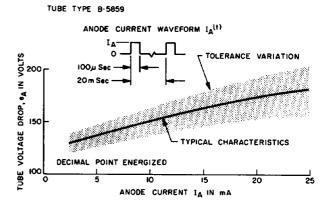


Figure 5. TUBE CHARACTERISTICS DC (NOTE 7)

Figure 6. TUBE CHARACTERISTICS (TIME SHARING) (NOTES 7 AND 8)

NOTES

- 1. The minimum supply voltage should be +170 Vdc, however, the use of the highest voltage available with an appropriate series resistor is recommended to provide: 1) greater tolerance of B+ & Rp; 2) more uniform brightness; 3) more constant current operation; 4) improved operation with temperature and 5) improved life. (See Table 2 and Note 7)
- This NIXIE tube can be used in 4 modes of operation (Figure 4)
 a) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point will never be "on."
 b) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point may or may not be "on."

 - c) When a numeral is always "on" and a decimal point is always "on."
 d) When a numeral or a decimal point will be "on" but not at the same time (numeral or decimal point are lighted alone) use the anode resistor plus a decimal point resistor.

In cases a, b and c, only the limiting anode resistor is necessary. (See Table 2)

NOTE: In cases a, b and c, a numeral must be "on" when the decimal point is "on" to prevent the decimal point from receiving excessive current.

Supply Voltage (Vdc)	170	200	250	300
Anode Resistor (Rp) (kΩ)	10	18	33	47
Decimal point resistor (Rkd) (kΩ)	100	180	330	470

Table 2

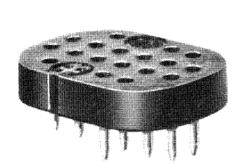
- 3. For proper viewing the tube should be oriented so that pins 7 and 6 are closest to the viewer (Figure 3.)
- 4. Lead length on B-5859S is $0.175'' \pm .015$ (for use with SK-207 socket).
- 5. Value when decimal point is "off."
- 6. Value when only the decimal point is "on."
- 7. For proper NIXIE tube operation, a load line must pass through the operating region (shaded area) above point "A" and below point "B" in Figure 5. Operation at an anode current below point "A" can result in partial or incomplete numeral glow. Operation at an anode current above point "B" can result in shorter life. Typical load lines for 170 Vdc·10 kΩ, 200 Vdc·18 kΩ, 250 Vdc·33 kΩ, and 300 Vdc·47 kΩ are shown. The limits of the operating region were determined at the 330 V-80.4kΩ, 330 V-44.4 kΩ. At these limits the tubes will exhibit an anode current within the limits of 2.3 ma min, and 4.5 ma max. These limits can be used to determine if a tube, meets the specification.
- 8. In a typical strobed/time sharing application, (Figure 6) "same-numeral" cathodes (i.e., all 1's, all 2's, etc.) of all tubes are connected in parallel and the anodes are strobed sequentially. The rapid strobing is above the ficker rate and visual indication is normal. However, since the "on" duty cycle is not 100%, a higher than normal current is used to compensate for loss of brightness. The B-5859 NIXIE tubes are constructed and specified for these peak current conditions. ditions and no extraneous glow is exhibited during this operation.
- 9. The maximum pulse duration is 5.0 milliseconds with a 10% max duty cycle.
- 10. Under normal DC operating conditions.

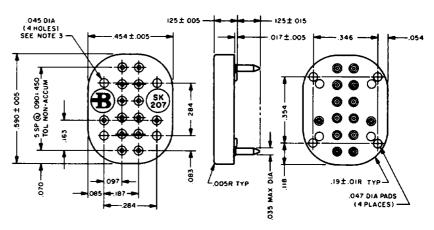




NIXIE® TUBE SOCKET

TYPE **SK-207**





NOTES

- 1. ALL TOLERANCES TO BEROOS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 2. MATERIALS AND FINISHES:
 A CONTACTS BERYLLIUM COPPER, GOLD PLATED .00002 THK MIN
 P. HOUSING. NYLON, 20%-30% GLASS FIBER FILLED, BLACK MATTE FINISH
- 3. OOS MAX MOLD FLASH AT BOTTOM OF HOLE.

OUTLINE DRAWING

The SK-207 Sockets are intended for use with Burroughs B-5750S and B-5850S series NIXIE® tubes.

NEW TECHNIQUES PROVIDE THESE UNIQUE FEATURES:

- NIXIE tube insertion force is less than withdrawal force.
- Socket height only adds 0.125" to tube seated height.
- Pin layout is designed for IC compatability and interfacing.
- Socket width is less than that of the NIXIE tube.
- "Holes" on top of the socket mate and register with NIXIE tube standoff-"bumps" for alignment and ease of insertion.
- "Feet" on the bottom of the socket provide space to facilitate solder flow, allow solder gas to
 escape and permit solder flux to be cleaned from PC cards.



The information contained in this brochure does not necessarily imply a license under patents or pending applications of Burroughs Corp., or assure a freedom from patent rights of others. No warranties of any kind are either expressed or implied by reason of the publication.